SVKM's NMIMS SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

Year: I

Semester: I

Programme: B.Sc. Agriculture

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S	Academic Year: 2019-2 ubject: Fundamentals of Plant Pathology	20
Date: 16 December 2019		Marks: 50 Time: 11.00 am - 1.00 pm Durations: 2 (Hrs) No. of Pages: _ O
	Final Examination	No. 011 ages
Q1.	Note: Attempt all question Fill in the blanks:	s 10 X 1 = [10]
a.	worked on Rust of wheat in In	
b.	is known as 'Father of Phytobacteriology'.	
c.	If entire plant is affected or pathogen spreads from one point to the entire plant system within a	
	period of time and remains invisible, it is called as	
d.	Pseudomonas has twitching motility on solid media due to presence of	
e.	Virus is transmitted by nematodes.	
f.	The plant is capable of carrying on most of the normal metabolic processes in spite of the diseased	
	condition, it is known as	
g.	Application of ammonia fertilizer increases severity of diseases.	
h.	Late blight of potato, apple scab, downy mildew of grapes and fire blight is increased due to	
	as abiotic factor.	
i.	Loose smut of wheat is controlled by	
j.	Preventing the entrance and establishment of pathogens in uninfected crops in a particular area is	
	known as	
Q2.	Give a brief account on any five:	$5 \times 2 = [10]$
1.	Classify the disease on the based on Perpetuation	
2.	Planogametic Copulation	a g e g
3.	Types of Parasitism in phytopathogens	g e
4. -	Flagellar arrangement in bacteria	
5. 6.	Types of asexual reproduction in fungi	4
0.	Shapes of Bacteria	*
Q3.	Deganibe in details.	
Q3.	Describe in details: Reproduction in Bacteria	$10 \times 3 = [30]$
В.		e 4
C.	Classify viruses with appropriate examples to families	
.	Factors responsible for Disease infection and Spread.	